Lebanese, Palestinian

querrillas start to

withdraw from S. Lebanon

King leaves for Iran

BEIRUT, July 26 (R). — The Arab-language magazine Al Mostakbal says Saudi Arabia has promised the United States not to raise its oil prices by more than five per cent annually until 1984. The Paris-based magazine, which reached here today, said that in return the U.S. pledged to give Saudi Arabia political, military and economic support. The weekly, which circulates throughout the Arab World gave no sources for its story but said the Arab World, gave no sources for its story but said the pledges were part of a secret agreement Saudi Arabia had coocluded with the previous admioistration of President Ford. It was later confirmed by President Carter, the magazine added.

Price: 50 fils

byan radar station at El-Ad-hem airbase near the Libyan

headquarters has full informa-

tion oo all Soviet radar stati-ons and bases in Libya and it

is also aware that Libya has

given the Soviets full authority

to move freely inside Libya,

it added in what appeared to be a warning that Egypt could

destroy other such installati-

of State, Hamed Algbouri, to Alexandria to hand over a me-

ssage from President Ahmed Hassao Al Bakr to President

Flights from Cairo to Tripoli

DAMASCUS, July 26 (JNA). — Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam leaves Wedne-

sday for Cairo and Tripoli to

deliver two messages from Pre-

Sadat on the conflict.

remained suspended.

The Egyptian armed forces

port of Tobruk.

Washington angered by Israel's legalisation of W. Bank settlements

- The United States today told Israel that it was deeply dis-appointed by the decision of Begin's government to give legal recognition to three Israeli settlements on the West Bank. State Department spokesman Hodding Carter said the Israeli action not only contravened international legal conventions but also constituted an obstacle to the peace-making pro-

"We are deeply disappointed

SIDON, Lebanon, July 26 (R). Warring Palestinian and Lebanese guerrillas have begun

withdrawing from volatile re-

gions in southern Lebanon, fo-llowing an agreement aimed at

During a tour of the region today, I saw that Palestinian

commandos and their Lebanese

leftist allies had abandoned the

southern coastal road as far

as Nakoura, about 4 kms.

Rightist forces had evacu-

border, and there were reports

of rightist withdrawals from

The pull-backs went into full

swing last night a few hours after agreement was reached on a plan to implement the

1969 Cairo accord regulating

the presence of the estimated

400,000 Palestinians in Leban-

er Salah Khalaf (Abu Iyad)

has hailed the endorsement of

the plan as a great achievem-

ent, and said it had been acc-

epted by all Palestinian fac-

Mr. Khalaf, second io com-

WASHINGTON, July 26 (R). -

The United States has agreed

in principle to provide arms

for Somalia, the State Depart-

Spokesman Hodding Carter said that the Somali request

shows that it need not depend

completely on the Soviet Union

Somaliz approached the U.S. along with several other coun-

tries some months ago in an

effort to diversify its arms pur-chases after intensified Soviet

arms cooperation with Soma-

lia's traditional rival, Ethiopia.

uld be prepared in principle to provide arms to Somalia

along with other countries wi-th which Somalia has been in

contact," the spokesman add-

JOHANNESBURG, July 26 (R).

- Police used tear gas to

break up a demonstration by black pupils in Alexandra to-

waship here today as classro-

Rundreds of black students

But we do think it is signi-

We have indicated we wo-

ment said today.

for its supplies.

Palestinian commando

other frontier villages.

from the border with Israel.

ending fighting in the area.

kesman said in a department policy statement.

The statement was telephoned this morning to Israeli Ambassador Simcha Dinitz by Mr. Roy Atherton, who is to be Assistant Secretary of State for Near Eastern affairs.

The swift reaction followed a decision by the Israeli government to legalise three existing settlements on the West

Bank: Kafr Qaddum, Ofra and Maale Adumin. The United

The stroogly-worded disapproval of the Israeli action by a cabinet committee marked the first flare-up in U.S.-Israeli relations since Mr. Begin's

North Yemen renews its call

estinian leadership yesterday mando groups.

errilla organisations to delegate a number of their men to join the Palestinian armed struggle command (PASC) -- the commandos' military police -within 48 hours with the aim of organising "police patrols."
A special tribunal was set

about disorderly activities, Wafa said. The rightwing Phalangist newould honour their pledges.

en settled. Some voices are still being raised proclaiming that all ag-reements are useless and that drive the Palestinians out of

mand of Fateh said the scheme-would be executed in two In the first phase, lasting 15 days, contingeota of the mainly-

force would set up a protective cordon around Palestinian refugee camps.

The second stage would en-tail the withdrawal of "armed men" from southern Lebanon and their replacement by regular Lebanese troops.

The Palestine oews agency Wafa reported that the Palformed a "Higher Security Co-mmittee" made up of all com-

The committee urged all guup to look into all complaints

wspaper Al Amal today grereservation, questioning whether all the commando groups The Communist paper Al Nida sald it would be premature to say everything had be-

the only solution will be to the country," Al Nida said.

ficant that Somalia knows it is not dependent on the Soviet

Union" and that it could obtain

arms from nther sources," be

He declined to name the

other countries with whi-

ch Somalia has contacts, but

he said the United States had

consulted with "some of our

friends and allies" about the

He made clear the United States did not back Somalia's

territorial claims and "conti-

nues to support the Organisa-

tioo of African Unity principle

of territorial integrity of its

military aid, he said grant aid was not under consideration but the United States might

possibly make military sales

under the easy repayment ter-

Asked about the nature of

Somalian requests.

member states.

S. African police use tear

States understood that the former government had refused to legalise at least one of these settlements, the spokes-

man said. In a reference to last week's talks between President Carter and Prime Minister Menachem Begin, the spokesman added:
"We bave consistently made

clear, including in our recent talks bere in Washington, our view that the establishment of settlements on occupied territory is not only cootrary to the Fourth Geneva Convection but also constitutes an impedi-ment (to Geneva and the peace process oo the Middle East.)"

for Arab

SAN'A, July 26 (R). - North Yemeo today recewed its call for an urgent summit confe-rence to discuss inter-Arab disputes, Middle East develop-ments and the situation in the Horn of Africa.

A government statement sa id North Yemen wanted a full Arab summit and opposed all proposals to a restricted one because of the gravity of the issues to be discussed.

On June 1, North Yemen called for an Arab summit but the proposal failed to gain the support of Arab League memher states. In its statement today Nor-

th Yemen said it had expressed its concern over continued inter-Arab disputes which rea-ched its climax with the Egyptian-Libyan border fighting. North Yemen said that addition it was concerned over the continued fighting in southem Lebanon and the deteriorating situation in the Hom of Africa where border fighting has been reported between

Fthiopia and Somalia.
It left the agenda, date and veoue of the proposed summit for Arab League Secretary General Mahmoud Riad to decide in consultation with league

King Hussein says war unavoidable if Mideast peace process fails

His Majesty King Hussein is seen off by His Highness Crown

Prince Hassan as he left to Tehran Tuesday for a short private visit. He is expected to hold talks with the Shah of Iran on

international issues and developments in the Middle East situation

and bilateral relations. He is accompanied by Her Highness Prin-

cess Basma, Minister of Court Amer Khammash and the Chief Chamberlain, Prince Ra'd Ibn Zeid. (JNA photo).

AMMAN (DIA). — War and upheaval io the Middle East will be unavoidable if the process for peace fails, His Majesty King Hussein said in an interview with United Press International and released here in Arable Tuesday. The United States should have a role to play in bringing peace to the area His Majesty said.

The King told UPI he boped that U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance will bring with him a clear-cut American po-sitioo regarding the Middle East after President Carter's series of talks with leaders of the area. Mr. Vance is due to visit Middle East states including Jordan early next month.

King Hussein warned that without sufficient preparations, especially by the United States, the Geneva peace conference will end with disappointing results.

The King emphasised that a solution to the Arab-Israeli dispute requires an Israeli withdrawal from Arab territories occupied in 1967, and recognition of the legitimate rights of Palestinian people in their bo-

Referring to President Carter's call oo Israel to pull out of the occupied Arab territories and for establishing a Palestiniao homeland, King Hussein said that President Carter's courageous stand is encouraging. He said he cannot see any solution to the M.E. crisis without the return of the West Bank, the Gaza strip and other territories occupied by Israel

King Hussein underlined the necessity of granting the Palestinian people their rights, in-cluding self-determination, and freedom of expression in everything connected with their link with Jordan. "Any relationship between the proposed Pales-tinian state and Jordan cannot take its final form unless it was freely determined by both Jordanians and Palestinians ali-

ke," the King added. If Israel is not willing to evacuate the occupied Palestinian territories, the area would face a dangerous crisis, the

King added. King Hussein went on to say that in the case of failure of the American efforts to achieve a permaneot and just peace to the Middle East, a wave of extremism would overrun the area and a state of despair end commotion would dominate it. The moderate partles would then find it very difficult to

pursue policies which had brought no results. The King sald the situation in south Lebanon can become a flashpoint of a new confrontation that could lead to dissas-

On the Egyptian-Libyan dispute and differences among other Arab countries, King Hussein feels deep sorrow. To see Arab disunity recently reach such a delicate state during

present crucial stage." He expressed hope that these

were able to become a state. After the 1967 war we rose up to build a new Jordan. I hope that in the future, we would take a course in which our influence would be felt, and assist, as much as possible in brioging about a permanent and just peace to the area -an objective to which I am devoting my life."

to a lesser or greater or total

dle East peace conference would be convened later this The ambassadors of Egypt,

Arabia and Jordan held a holfhour meeting yesterday with Secretary of State Cyrus Vance to discuss his coming Middle East trip and President Carter's talks last week with Israeli Prime Minister Meoachem Begin.

any means satisfied with Begin's stand."

Kabbani said he agreed with Mr. Ghourbal. Lebanese Ambassador Najati

Khabbani, the senior Arab ambassador bere, said the envoys had the impression that the tinue the policy publicly sta-ted by President Carter.

war. These points were not mentioned in public statements here after the Begio visit.

English-language Jerusalem Post said today that the apparent success of Mr. Begin's Middle East talks with President Carter might be ahort-

lived.

extent oo Saudi Arabia's munificence, it said. The danger is that Saudi

and Syrian acquiescence may be secured in exchange for a clandestine understanding that the U.S. will actively espouse the Arab position on the territorial and Palestinian questions after Geneva II begins," Post said.

said in support of former Premier Yitzhak Rabin's criticism that the glory the Prime Minister collected on his trip may be short-lived indeed, if there is no prior success in ensuring countervailing American support for Israel's stand on the nature of peace and according this issue priority at Geoeva.

But it is far from certain such American support could have been ensured even by the limited kind of territorial flexibility that Mr. Rabin's own

government was prepared to

Lebanese scouts join

TEL AVIV, July 26 (R). — Some 65 young scouts from Lebanon, headed by an officer of a Christian militia organisation, have joined a summer scout camp near Nazareth in northern Israel at the invitation of 4,000 Israeli teenagers holding their annual rally there,

As ceasefire holds

Libyan-Egyptian front seen as explosive

ing began last week, Egypt accused the Libyans of collabo-rating with an extremist group

of Egyptian Moslems trying to

The Palestinian source said that, in an effort to settle the

issue, Mr. Arafat and Algerian

Presideot Houari Boumedienne

proposed a joint agreement th-

at "neither state should carry

out any activity undermining the national security of the

Presideot Sadat announced

on Sunday, as be began talks with Presideot Boumedienne, that all Egyptian military operations against the Libyan Jamahiriyah would be halted.

President Boumedienne had

then just arrived in Alexand-

ria from Tripoli, where be had held talks with Col. Qadhafi. After six and a half hours of intensive talks in Alexand-

ria, President Boumedienne fl-

ew back to Tripoli yesterday

for more talks with the Libyan

leader. He flew home to Algi-

spaper Al Ahram reported to-

day that last Friday, the sec-

ond of four days of fierce gro-

und and air attacks between

two Arab neighbours,

The semi-official Cairo new-

ers today.

overthrow President Sadat.

CAIRO, July 26 (R). — President Anwar Sadat has demanded that the Libyan Jamahiriyah dismantle training camps which he say were used for sabotage raids against Egypt, a Palestinian source said today.

The source said that Arab mediators relayed the demand to Libyan leader Muammar Qa-dhafi yesterday as part of a set of conditions for maintaining the fragile Egyptian ceasefire which has halted four days of border clashes and air

The Palestinian source said President Sadat had warned that this was the "last chance" to settle peacefully the quarrel between the two countries.

The source said that the Libyans have counter-charged that there were saboteurs in Egypt who "disturbed the pe-ace" of the Libyan Jamahiriyah. Egypt has retorted that these were political refugees, not saboteurs, be said.

The source said that Palestinians close to mediation efforts by commando leader Yasser Arafat consider the situa-tion between the two Arab ne-ighbours is still "delicate and

Among President Sadat's de-mands is a halt to hostile propaganda between the two Arab neighbours, the source said.

But bitter exchanges between the two countries cootinued

The Palestinian source said Mr. Sadat also insisted that a joint Libyan-Egyptian commit-tee should be formed to restore normal relations between the two countries, and that either Mr. Arafat personally or the Arab League as an organisation should supervise it.

The Libyans suggested that Mr. Arafat's Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) should be put in charge of the committee, the source said.

The Egyptian and Libyan governments have repeatedly accused each other of "sabota-

Just before the border fight-

CAIRO, July 26 (R). — Egypt-lan President Anwar Sadat has told Soviet leader Leonid President Sadat, in a speech between the two countries and said: 'The Soviet Union wanted to reestablish a friendship

MENA said the two leaders exchanged messages to mark

In his message, President Brezhoev said: 'The Soviet

both our people." President Sadat replied: "Our people who strongly believe in fruitful and positive cooperation with all the people of the world fully support all efforts for improving relations with the Soviet Uoion and strengthening friendship bridges

sident Assad of Syria to Egypt's President Sadat and Liby-an leader Col. Muammar Qad-President Assad today recei-

ved Mr. Khaddam whn submi-

Sadat supports improved relations with Moscow

Brezhnev that he supports all efforts to improve relations between the two countries provided there is no interference in each other's internal affairs the official Middle East News Agency (MENA) reported topay for our arms needs in

the recent anniversary of the revolution which toppied Egypt's monarchy.

Unioo has always supported the Egyptian people's libera-tioo struggle. The Soviet Union also supports joint efforts for the sake of strengthening mutual relations, taking into consideration the interests of

oo the basis of mutual respect and without any interference in each other's internal affairs

on July 16, referred to recent efforts to improve relations treaty and insisted we should

Mr. Sadat said he replied: "No. I will not sign a new treaty. As for the arms, if I am going to pay dollars it would be better to buy from other sources which are much bet-

"I am not going to give any special position in Egypt for any power in the world," stated

President Sadat last year abrogated a 15-year friendship treaty with Moscow. Foreign Minister Ismail Fah-

mi had talks with Mr. Brezhoev and Foreign Minister And-rei Gromyko in Moscow last

It was agreed then that Mr. Gromyko soould make a return trip to Egypt in August. In view of President Sadat's receot criticism of the Soviet Union, it is not yet known whe-

Italian-U.S. talks centre on Communists, economy

WASHINGTON, July 26 (R). -President Carter begao talks today with Italian Prime Minister Giulio Andreotti and said the Italian government under his leadership was trusted as well as admired and respected.

His greeting underlined his confidence in the ability of Signor Andreotti's minority Christian Democratic government to survive without Communist participation, even though it depends on Communist parliamentary support.

Signor Andreotti said in an interview in U.S.' News and World Report magazine this week that the issue of Com-munism in Italy 'will be deci-ded by the Italian people and not the United States."

Signor Andreotti said the two days of talks would also cover the international situation, Italy's dependence on imported oil and its efforts to combat inflatioo and unemplo-

Signor Andreotti's visit is his second tn Washington since December, when he conferred with President Ford. At that time, Italy's economic and political situation was regarded here as unstable and uncertain.

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AMMAN - JORDAN

ated the village of Alma Al Shaab, about 1 km. from the

11270

gas to break demonstration

om unrest spread from Pretoabandoned their studies in Alexandra to protest against the detention of two students Monday night, a police spokesman Police fired teargas into the

crowd and later called in riot police. But the township, populated by 60,000 blacks in an

a continuing boycott of clas-ses by pupils in the Pretoria of National Education.

area of one square mile, was reported quiet this afternoon with police standing by One school was damaged during the demonstration and a water forry was stoned, the spokesman said. It was not Alexandra pupils would resume

immediately known when the

The incidents coincided with

Saulsville in a protest against South Africa's segregated educational system.

The pupila walked out yesterday and said they would not

townships of Atteridgeville and

return until they had been given equal opportunity South Africa's blacks are educated on the so-called Ba-

ntu education system separately from white schooling. There was no word on whether the boycotts would spread to Soweto, Johannesburg's biggest township. But student so-urces said militant black leaders there also wanted the separate education system scrap-

A police spokesman said there had been no injuries or arrests in today's disturbances. The students have said the pupils are not striking or demonstrating but boycotting classes until black education is controlled by the Department

U.S. to provide arms to Somalia ms of the foreign military sales credits. He refused to say what sort of arms might be

provided. The administration's decision reflects the personal involvement of President Carter, who was reported to have reacted angrily when the Soviet Union supplanted the United States as

arms supplier to Ethiopia. The administration's decisioo in principle to give Somalia military aid is seen rather in the context of President Carter's stated intentioo to challenge the Soviet Union peacefully for influence in areas of the world that it feels are crucial

now or potentially in the fu-Mr. Carter has discussed the situatioo in Somalla with Coo-gressmen, editors and visiting statesmen in the past few months, reflecting an unusual per-

sonal interest in the affairs of the region. In Nairobi, meanwhile -Ethiopia has accused Somalia of starting a full scale war by sending troops, tanks and pla-nes acrosa their border and says there has been heavy fl-

ghting with losses on both si-

The Ethiopian News Ageocy (ENA) said in Addis Ababa that the Foreign Minister, Col. Dr. Feleke Gedle-Gbiorgis, yesterday told diplomats and the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) that "the brazen acts of Somali aggression" began early on Saturday with military operations in the Ogaden desert area of southeast Ethiopia. In another dispatch from Nairobi today, ENA quoted the Ethlopian National Revolutionary Operations Command as saying that regular and militia forces were engaged in beavy fighting with Somali forces and that five Somali MIG planes were shot down by the Ethiop-

ian air force oo Sunday and trous consequences. The air force destroyed 30 tanks and armoured cars while ground forces captured one armoured vehicle and destroy-

differences were only a pass-In the past 25 years of Jordan's fife, King Hussein said that during this pediod "we

Arab ambassadors in **Washington optimistic** about Geneva conference

WASHINGTON, July 26 (R). — Arab envoys expressed optimism bere that the Geneva Mid-

Syria and Lebanoo and the Charges d'Affaires of Saudi

"We are optimistic about the convening of the Geneva conference," Egyptian Ambassador Ashraf Ghourbel said afterwards. "But we are not by

Syrian Ambassador Sahah

U.S. administration would con-He was apparently referring to calls for establishment of a Palestiniao entity and for Israeli withdrawal to its borders before the 1967 Middle East

Meanwhile in Tel Aviv the

The newspaper added that Saudi Arabia, "the most important Arab state has oot yet been beard from." All three confrontation states depended

'There is thus much to be

"All these arguments and counterarguments are therefore bypothetical. Clarity about Mr. Begin's strategy will emerge if and when the Geneva conference gets under way," the Post said.

Israeli rally

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Ismail said.



Representatives of the American company, Moorcom, Tuesday discuss a reorganisation of the Telecommunications Corporation with Its Director General Mohammad Shahed Ismail

Time of reckoning

Let Israel not be deceived. The days when Israel was indulged and pampered at such exhorbitant cost to peace in the Middle East are clearly over. Mr. Begin cannot go about unilaterally throwing up obstacles to a settlement, his election promises notwithstanding.

The American reaction to the Israeli government's precipitate step in legalising three highly contentious settlements on the occupied West Bank proves the seriousness of Mr. Carter's commitment to finding a real peace in the Middle East.

By expressing "deep disappointment" and denouncing Israel's action as contravening the Geneva conventions and constituting an "obstacle to peace" the U.S. is proving its good faith, and delivering an unmistakable warning to the government of Mr. Begin that it can go only so far in exploiting the special relationship between the two countries.

Mr. Begin had hardly shaken the Washington dust from his feet when the sophisticated witty diplomatist who so successfully wooed the American Press and public reverted to his natural character of the hardlining former terrorist.

The Israeli government's decision to flout the Geneva Conventions and world opinion demonstrates how shifting are the sands upon which optimists presumed the groundwork had been laid for a resumption of the Geneva Middle East peace conference. Exposed too is the fragility of the personal rapport established last week between the Israeli and American leaders.

Did Mr. Begin think that, because the Americans did not take him to task for refusing to discuss Israeli withdrawal from the occupied West Bank, his government could therefore do as It wished with that part of the usurped Palestinlan homeland? If so the strongly worded message his government received yesterday should disillusion him of American agreement with his interpretation of divine providence.

President Carter has set himself the task of arranging a reconvened Geneva peace conference later this year. His envoy, U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance is due in the Middle East early next month to bring the Arabs and Israelis closer to sitting down at the Geneva table. His mission is made considerably more difficult by the latest action of the Israelis compounding their occupation of the West Bank.

The Arabs look to any peace talks as a means of achieving a just and lasting peace in the Middle East. They accept that inevitably this means a degree of compromise. But they expect that compromise to oe two sided. From the latest action of his government it is clear that Mr. Begin expects any peace talks to ratify the status quo on the West Bank.

The Arabs are prepared to reason with reasonable men, but from his actions Mr. Begin is clearly not from within these ranks.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

Two Jordanian dailies Tues-

day were concerned with the

results of the Israeli Prime

Minister's visit to the USA.

A third daily commented on

the anniversary of the Arab Uprising against the Turks in 1916.

AL RA'I, in an editorial en-

titled "End of Begin's visit,"

said that Israeli mass media

for the first time on Monday admitted that Prime Minister

Begin was unable to alter the

viewpoint of the American

president on the question of Israeli withdrawal to the pre-

The paper continued by posing the question of how can Israeli withdrawal be ac-

complished when neither the Arabs are willing to fight for

that end nor the USA is wil-

ling to put pressure on Israel to withdraw?

The paper concluded by saying that Israeli pre-conditions for attending the Gene-

va conference -- refusal to

withdraw from Arab lands and

refusal to recognise Palestin-

ian rights for a homeland --

would ultimately lead to the

failure of the conference. The

USA's refusal to put pressure on Israel and the continuous arms supply to this state lea-

ves the Arabs with the option of having to confront is-

AL DUSTOUR said that it

is clear, in the light of their statements to Newsweek magazine, that His Majesty King

Hussein and Syria's President Hafez Assad both reject Mr.

Begin's suggestions on Middle

The paper added that these

statements are well-timed in

that they force the U.S. ad-

ministration to face up to its

responsibilities. For they make

clear that the basis for a Mid-

East Deace.

1967 borders.

dle East peace are U.N. Resolutions 242 and 338.

The Israeli prime minister has no right to meddle in the

future of the Palestinian state

once Israel withdraws from it

and he has no right to ob-

ject to a Palestinian entity on Palestinian soil.

ing that the King and President Assad thus have closed

the door to any tampering with the bases of peace and to any bargaining over Pales-

tinian land. Washington must now clarify its position after Israel has attempted to change

the bases of peace.

AL SHA'B said that on the

anniversary of the Arab Uprising against the Turks in

1916, under the leaderships of

the Sharif of Mecca, Hussein

Ibn Ali, the Arabs should take

time to recall their history

The revolutionary will of

the Great Arab Revolution,

the paper said, intended to transform Arab backwardness

into a renaissance and Arab

disunity into an Arab unity.

But this revolutionary will

was confronted with the trea-chary of the Allied powers. However, the Arab Revolution

kept its commitments, which,

according to the paper, was not an error of judgement on the part of the Revolution, as

some claim. The error is that

the modern Arabs have diver-

ted from the comprehensive

national Arab line to a nar-rower and more localistic line.

The paper concluded by say-

ing that today's Arabs got id-

eologically lost and that some

of them are embarrassed to

identify with the Arab Revo-

lution -- which means identi-

fying with Arab history and

culture. This is the Arab's

greatest error, the paper said.

and to subject themselves to

critical analysis.

The paper concluded by say-

The Message:

company to

help reorganise

AMMAN (JNA). - An American company is to pave the way for the Telecommunica-

tions Corporation to work on

a purely commercial basis.

The president and a group

of experts from Moorcom Tuesday met with Director Ge-

neral of the Telecommunica-

tions Corporation Mohammad

Shahed Ismail to discuss how

telecomms

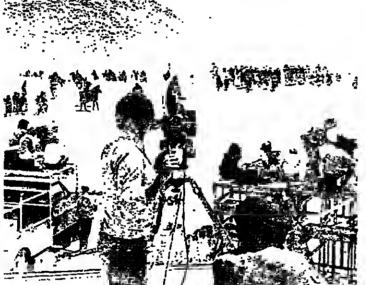
A big event, a big show, a big success and a great experiment never attempted before... This is The Message, the film which tells the story of Mohammad, Messenger of God. This film, which made a great impact in Europe and the United States, is currently appearing in Amman in two cinemas: Khayyam in English and Zahran in Arabic.

The Message creates history as the first motion picture to be made in two different versions -- English and Arabic -- with two entirely different casts. An epic in the true sense of the word, it took six years to prepare and over one year to film. The Producer and Director of such a unique production is Mustapha Akkad, for whom its completion was the realisation of a 10-year

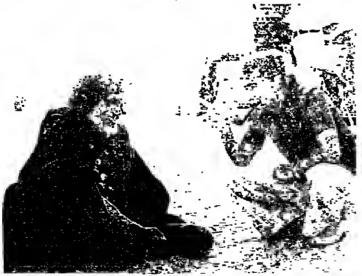
By Irene Ramadan Special to the Jordan Times

For Mustapha Akkad, the completion of The Message was the realisation of a 10-year dream. However, it wasn't until 1969, when writer H.A.L.

Craig began work on the screenplay, that the dream looked like becoming reality. Craig is one of the industry's most experienced screen writers. One of his big successes is Water-loo, which started Rod Steig-



The camera is prepared for the shooting of the Battle of Uhud.



Producer/Director Mustapha Akkad discusses a scene with Anthony Quinn.

The result

It wasn't only the complexi-ty of filming to the epic pro-portion of a de Mille or Griffi-th -- with a cast of thousands which made The Message such a unique production. There was the fact that Akkad insisted on two versions -- English and Arabic -- with two

gest in movie history.

Approval of Al Azhar

Then with Craig's first draft in his hands, Akkad went with the author to Cairo, hired a

There were disputes, but Craig amazed the scholars by quoting chapters and verses even page numbers -- from the Quran. Finally, after exhausting weeks of work, every page was approved and sign-ed. Then Akkad began setting up his production team and casting the important roles. Anthony Quinn and Irene Paproles -- Hamza and Hind -in the English version, while Akkad selected Abdullah Ghal-th and Mona Wassef for the Arabic version.

At the same time, the producer/director was signing up an impressive team on the production side. Director of Photography Jack Hildyard won an Oscar for bis work on Bridge over the River Kwai, while his brother David, in charge of sound, got Academy Awards for Cabaret and Fiddier oo the Roof. Maurice Jarre, author of the music, won an Academy Award for his memorable scores for such films as Dr. Zhivago and Lawrence of Arabia. The other members of the production team also had vast film experience behind them.

The reconstruction of Mecca

Filming The Message began in Morocco on April 16, 1974 at the small - almost un-



Hamza (Anthony Quinn) fights fiercely during the Battle of Uhud.

known -- village of Ait Bous-hent, some 25 kms. from Mar-

rakesh. It was bere that the

director rebuilt Mecca and film-

ed some of the most spectacu-

The reconstruction of Mec-

ca formed the largest set of its kind since the film Cleopatra:

It cost over \$1 million. The

amount of materials used was

enormous: More than 250,000

feet of tubular scaffolding; 300

tons of local shale dug up from nearby fields for walls; 800 tons of mud. as well as

straw spread over split bam-

boo, for other buildings; and

100 tons of plaster for textured walls. Wooden doors, gates and Arabic windows were built to replace the out-of-epoch tin

There were also dozens of

interior rooms, courtyards and

gardens, many of them over-

looking the market place, whe-

re up to 5,000 people were ga-thered for some sequences.

The Prophet: Never seen

Although filming in Morocco went smoothly, Mustapha Akkad, for political reasons, bad to move the whole unit

out of the country and find a

new location in Libya. The

desert surrounding Sebha was

ideal for shooting the two bat-

tle scenes -- the Battle of Bedr (624 A.D.), in which 300 Moslems fought against 1,000 Meccans, and the Battle of Uhud (625 A.D.) which involv-

ed 1,000 Moslems against 3,000

Meccans. Dealing directly with

Libyan army, he got 5.000 sol diers for the battle scenes. The clever feat of Akkad is

to have succeeded in making

the audience feel the presence

of the Prophet Mohammad wi-

thout showing bim on the screen or letting his voice be heard -- two things forbidden

by Moslem tradition. Akkad evoked every detail of the life

and the message of Moham-mad through the behaviour of

his close relatives, friends and

enemies, such as his uncle

Hamza: Bu-Sofyan the power-

ful leader of Mecca; his wife Hind; Mohammad's friend Bil-

al; Khalid, who brought the Moslems to defeat at the Bat-

tie of Uhud; Zeid: Amar and

The Message is a film not

to be missed if you want to discover the story of the Pro-phet Mohammad, who changed

MUSTAPHA AKKAD:

FROM ALEPPO TO

LOS ANGELES

Mustapha Akkad was born

in Aleppo, Syria, where he

was educated at the American

College of Aleppo. He then

decided to go to Los Angeles

and seek a career in the cinema. He has since become an

American citizen and lives in

It was in 1953 that Akkad

enrolled at the University of

California in Los Angeles from which he graduated with

a degree in theatre arts. He

then enrolled at the Univer-

sity of Southern California, where he received his master's

degree in cinema arts. Comp-

leting his studies, Akkad was

employed by the CBS-KNXT

News Department and worked

on the programme As Others

He then produced his own documentary series and seve-

ral feature films. One of his

most successful was Caesar's War, a production for United

Artists, which was syndicated throughout the U.S. by more

than ice T.V. stations.

See Us.

Brentwood, California.

the history of the world.

many others.

sheets now in use.

Akkad started by opening offices for his project (Filmco International Productions) in Los Angeles and Beirut, and Craig then began work. Akkad spent months jetting across the world, attending endless meetings in an attempt to raise the money. Finally, through Arab International Productions, he got backing from a tripartite group in Libya, Morocco and Kuwait. The budget for this production is one of the big-

hotel floor and, with three top Moslem scholars from Calro's Al Azhar University, went over the script line by line.

So to capture the story of Mohammad and the riotous, violent period with its idol-worshipping demagoguery, Akkad assembled an international crew from 29 different comtries. Over 40 speaking roles were involved in each version.

AMMAN (JNA). — A Jordanian supply delegation returnplementing a number of deveiopment projects in the Jordan ed here Tuesday at the end of The supply delegation made deals worth \$1 million with coa three-week tour of Far East-ern countries, during which a commercial protocol was signmpanies in South Korea and ed with South Korea to increa-Hong Kong for the supply of goods for the Civil Service se trade. Consumers Corporation. The delegation head, Minis Items include ready-made clothes, footwear, leather hanter of Supply Marwan Qasim, said that the delegation had dbags, house utensils, blankets, stationery, toys and canned met, during its tour of South Korea, Hong Kong, Japan and Taiwan, with the Korean prime The delegation asked several minister and the ministers of firms in Taiwan and Japan to provide the Consumers Corpocommerce, agriculture and puration with samples and pri-ces of their products. Mr. Qasim concluded by sablic works of the four countries visited. Discussion centred on ways

returns from Far

delegation



Minister of Supply Marwan Qasim (second from left) meets officials and journalists on his return Tuesday from a tour of the Far East.

Prince Hassan meets engineers

AMMAN (JNA). — His Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Viceroy, Tuesday met with public and private sector engin-eers and reviewed with them a number of problems related to projects they are supervising and implementing.

to boost cooperation, in parti-

cular with South Korea, since

His Highness spoke to his audience about the migration of skilled labour. He said that it is due to the quantitative increase in education and the increasing demand in the local market for some types of ex-pertise at the expense of others. - both Arab and foreign - he has met stressed the fact that Jordan is the natural centre for training different kinds of He explained that there was a great difference between the

He added that most officials

ying he had invited the South

Korean commerce minister to

export of expertise and that of Jordanian technology, which in the long run would be of great advantage to Jordan. He said that this expertise is not up to the standard that allows Jordan's experience to be suitable for export to neighbouring cou-

Civil aviation body makes report on airports here

AMMAN (JNA). — The Secretary General of the International Civil Aviation Organisation (ICAO), Dr. As'ad Kotaite, Tuesday said the ICAO has prepared a study about Jordan's three airports : Amman and Aqaba airports and the future Queen Alya Internatio-nal Airport.

The study indicates that air and tourist traffic will increase considerably in the next three years, especially after the construction of Queen Alya

Airport.
As they will work around the clock, Jordan will be in need of technical cadres to keep them running, Dr. Kotaite said. He told reporters that be discussed with His Highness

Crown Prince Hassan the question of cooperation between Jordan and the ICAO in the implementation and financing of aviation projects in Jordan. He said be felt that the Jor-

danian government considers aviation a major sector in the economy.
"I have emphasised to the

Crown Prince and Jordanian officials that the ICAO will continue cooperating with Jordan by offering it material sup-port and technical aid for its aviation programmes," Dr. Ko-talte added.

The ICAO head said the organisation will implement a programme to train 460 Jordanian technicians. The \$2.6 milfion training course includes scholarships abroad and provi-

NATIONAL NOTES

* AMMAN. - His Majesty King Hussein Tuesday received a letter from Egyptian President Anwar Sadat on the reasons for the recent Egyptian-Libyan classes and the political and military developments resulting from the border fighting.

AMMAN. -- His Majesty King Hussein Tuesday received a cable of good wishes from Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief Lt.-Gen. Sharif Zeid Ibn Shaker on the occasion of Arab Renaissance Day.

* AMMAN. — Minister of Communications Abdul Re'ouf Al Rawabdeh Tuesday received the Moroccan ambassador to Jordan and discussed with bim ways to boost telegraph, telephone and postal services between their countries. Mr. Al Rawabdeh will visit Morocco shortly at the invitation of his Moroccan counter

* AMMAN. — Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Hassan Ing. him received the West German ambassador and the Soviet charge d'affaires here Tuesday.

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هكذا صن النَّصِيل

Part I

farter and Begin: the American Jewish dilemma

Rouleau, special correspondent for "Le Monde", the French daily newspaper. he following inquiries analyses Washington's policy in the Middle East, its ercussions on the American political scene and evaluates the risks of possible frontation between President Carter and Menachem Begin.

article appeared in "Le Monde" from 8-10 July and thus was written prior to Carter-Begin meeting in Washington.

By Eric Rouleau

are those American ofwho believe that a fru-Halogue could be estab-between President and Israeli Premier hem Begin. Their polidifferences extend to all aspects of the Arabconflict and seem to can officials to constitsurmountable obstacles.

en their ideological and ophical conceptions are r away from one another e the comparison betwelains, the small town Carter was born and town of Brest-Litovsk. Begin was born. Begin l not believe that the will be of help to him efforts to win Carter to his thesis," they say.

h a statement might at glance seem too strong. merican president, some hose collaborators have med him the "missionis a fervent reader of Bible from wbich he frequently. Some of his s are quoted to say that profoundly convinced of gitimate right of the Jepeople to return to the Cartera Zionism is not f Begin. It is not bathed sticism: If it is true that 70 leaders consider themas having the responsiof accomplishing sacred ns, the realisation of one se missions would, sure-

eers ort the other. extension of the Jewish and to its historic dions, as wished by the Likud leader will aboil hopes for peace with e other band, the realiof a permanent peace Middle East, which is priority goal of Presi-Carter would necessarily le the creation of a : Israel". Therefore the

ITES

dream of Mr. Begin is incompatible with the realism of Mr.

General opinion considers Carter's Bible to he the Brookings Institute's report in Washington, the report pub-lished in December 1975 under the title "Towards peace in the Middle East" which consists of twenty pages and is the result of six months of an intense exchange of views between sixteen personalities reputed to be experts in the field and representing several

Agreement reached in the Brookings report, notably bet-ween reputed Zionists and staunch aupporters of the Palestinian cause has furnished President Carter not only with the substance for his Middle East policy but also a political method. One would not be surprised at the resemblance between the institute'a reports and Carter's declarations on the subject when one knows that one of the Brookings Institute directors, Mr. Henry Owen had supervised the work of the "group of sixteen" who have prepared the report.

Two of the report's signatories also are President Carter's most trusted advisors on foreign policy, in which he has shown little interest in the course of his career. These are Mr. Zbigniew Brzezinski and Mr. William Quandt. The first won the post of advisor on national security at the White House previously held by Dr. Kissinger, Mr. William Quandt assistant to Mr. Brzezinski is the co-author of an excellent book on the Palestinian movement called "The politics of Palestinian Nationzlism.

Mr. Carter's suggestions, like the Brookings report, are only guldelines aimed to lead the belligerants to compromise. He had by intermittent touches sketched a picture of peace as he sees it. The United States president, like General de Gaulle does not improvise. He writes down with care all that he intends to say publicly, and learns it

by beart. If we collect his declarations and suggestions made bere and there to the media and on various occasions it becomes evident that they are part of a coberent and structured peace plan parts of which are still missing for the moment.
President Carter has adopted

policy opposite to that of Dr. Kissinger. He decided that peace package deal should be worked out first and later implemented by steps after it has been approved. The stepby-step policy of Dr. Kissinger faltered after it had attained a number of its goals; to consolidate American influence in the Middle East, support fragile peace on all fronts and gain time by dividing the Arab World. Even Dr. Kissinger realised that it was high time to reverse the process. To determine the cadre, content, modalities of peace would be more easy than to have the belligerants make partial concessions, the end of which could not be foreseen

Contentwise, President Carter bas laid down the basis on which an agreement should be founded. Analysing the crucial interests of the two antagonist parties -- while not taking into consideration the aspirations of one or the ambitions of the other -- he proposes a true peace much needed by the Israelis, and the restitution of nearly all the occupied territories, a condition without which the Arab regimes could not survive.

This formula is neither original nor audacious. It has inspired many of his predecessors at the White House and meets the approval of a large majority of international public opinion. But Carter bas had the merit to announce it clearly and in public.

He does not believe in secrecy, as did Dr. Klssinger in the handling of the Middle East cr-

crecy breeds feelings of mistrust and immobility between the two belligerants. By giving his peace plan a public audience he wants to progressively dispel the myths feeding Israeli and Arab public opinion, as to the demagogy or intransigence of certain leaders in the two camps.

The Carter plan elaborately worked out in detail could be summarised in five points:

1. Quality of peace: The Arabs would recognise Israel formally as well as its right to existence. The end of the state of belligerency would be followed by a complete normalisation of relations, including liberty of movement and circulation in the economic, commercial, touristic and cultural tields. This normalisation could not be revoked or changed by any change of government in the countries signatories of the peace treaty.

2. The borders will be approximately those of 4 June 1967. Minor changes should be negotieted and approved by both parties. Taking into account the existence of offensive weapons of long duration, Israel's only guarantee for its security is the recognition by its neighbours of its final bor-

3. Various other security measures should be worked out: The creation of demilitarised zones of 20 kms. in width or more, where international forces could be stationed, the installation of electronic warning alarm systems (similar to those set up in Sinai in 1975) in addition to mulilateral guarantees from the Soviet Union, the United States, Security Council, Europe or unliateral guarantees from the United States.

On this last point an official source in Washington has informed the writer that President Carter is not opposed to a contractual agreement. "Our responsibility would not be increased, the source sald, as we shall in any case help Israel if its security is threatened. But a contractual agreement guaranteeing formally the security of Israel would dissuade any eventual aggres-

4. A homeland should be arranged for the Palestinlans, as an independent entity (on which President Carter looked with mistrust as it will create chances for Soviet infiltration)

isis. For according to him se- or as a part of Jordan or as member of a confederation including Jordan and Syria.

هكذا حدن النَّهما.

On the other hand, the Palestinian people should be represented at the Geneva Middle East peace conference either through its own delegates or by others representing the Palestinians. The Palestine Liberation Organisation could eventually participate in the peace talks, well informed sour-ces say, if it recognises not onthe existence of the State Israel but also its legitimate right to exist.

Mr. Carter did not define the geographical context of the probably he is waiting first for the settlement of the ques-tion of Jerusalem and Gaza. Palestinian homeland. Most

delays. Implementation The end of the state of belli-gerancy will take effect imme-diately after a treaty has been signed. The measures of normalising relations will follow by steps as Israel withdraws from occupied territories. This transition period ahould not extend beyond two, four or eight years according to President Carter. By this he indicatea that be wishes total peace to be in effect prior to the end of a second mandate for the presidency which he intends to work for in 1980.

On the eve of the Israeli elections of May 17, President Carter thought it was not impossible to activate the mechanisms of negotiations. The three Arab leaders surrounding Israel whom be consulted in April and May had approved the suggestions contained in his plan. King Hussein and President Sadat -- the latter after a lot of convincing -- have accepted to normalise completely their relations with Israel ("during a period of five years", the Egyptian president specified). Syrian President Assad, a skillful tactician, "has given an evasive answer", Am-

ECONOSCOPE

By Jawad Ahmad

Speculation: Put your money where your mouth is

Newcomers to Jordan are often bewildered by the signs of affluence which they see all over the place. They are specially impressed by the beautiful array of fancy houses that defy those found in Bel Air and Beverly Hills. They wonder how a relatively poor country like Jordan can afford all that

That reminds me of myself when I first went to the United States to study. My mother insisted on buying four suits for me so that I would look nice in that foreign country. On the first day of tha semester I wore a black suit with a red tie and went to class. Among my classmates I looked like a gypsy hride. Everybody thought at the time that

owned oil wells in his backyard. For my part, I thought that my classmates were sloppy and did not know how to dress in a classroom.

was the son of a very wealthy Arab who

This difference in consumption habits reflects a cultured difference which is wider in perspective. Clothing occuples an eminent position in my consumption pattern, particularly since clothing is considered one of the few essentials on which income is spent here. When people have even a little bit of cash on hand, above and beyond a quite limited in-

come, money is spent on such essentials --

In Jordan as a wbole, housing is a major consumption item. Under conditions of limited income, fluctuating economies and limited needs, people tend to be myopic, or prefer current rather than deferred consumption. This of course creates that showy extravagan-

ce in the case one of major consumption items. This extravagance is not fixed. It shifts from one consumption item to another. Cace it lights on cars, then on houses, then on food, then on durable consumer goods. With every shift, an occasion for speculation arises.

Jordan is not yet completely done with real estate speculation. That spiral which came to a halt almost a year ago might start again. There is excess liquidity tucked a ray somewhere. It is beginning to emerge in the form of increasing demand deposits.

Where will all that liquidity go? It is difficult to predict with comfort. Yet I have a proposition to make. Economic advisors and executives in this country can direct it where they want. Why not create the atmosphere that liquidity to go into directly producfor tive ventures such as light, quick-yielding in-dustries, or profitable agricultural ventures. Why not?

Let us introduce into our consumption patterns some investment which we badly need.

erican sources said, "but not completely negative". All hopes therefore were permitted on the Arab sides.

sometimes with extravagance.

As for the Israelis, President Carter was hopeful in winning them over to his way of thinking. The advent of Mr. Shimon Peres at the head of the Maarakh (Labour Party) after the resignation of Mr. Rabin had been interpreted in Washington as a positive development. Mr, Peres, whose image was not tarnished as that of his predecessor, would have been capable of attenuating the defeat of his party. Pragmatic by nature, he would not have hesitated in conforming realities when faced with the harsh facts.

The victory of the Likud, which no one in Washington had predicted -- even the CIA -- had bewildered official circles there. Mr. Begin was known as a "terrorist" and an "extremist". Few could predict what would be his reation when in power. Passing through Washington beginning 1977. Mr. Begin met only with Mr. Brzezinski, as President Carter was too "much occupied" to receive him. While everyone was wondering about him, Begin depicted a picture of himself which shocked and troubled a number of Americans.

dancing amidst Israeli settlers at Kaddoum (in the West Bank) holding tightly a Torah and promising to multiply settlements on the "liberated territories of Judea and Samar-

They saw him on television

In a succession of declarations, the Likud leader expounded his views on the terms of a peace settlement. Those suggestions were diametrically opposed to those of President

Apprehension reached its peak when a Likud emissary, Mr. Shmuel Katz came to Washington to reassure American officials. He explained to them that the new Israeli government shall respect the biding engagements of its predecessor in relation to U.N. resolutions 242 and that Mr. Begin's effer to meet with Arab leaders meant that "everything was negoti-

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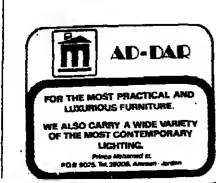


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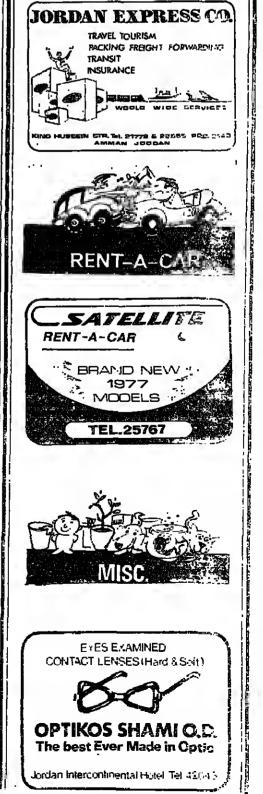








SECTIONERY GIFTS BONBONERES



U.S. calls for

investigation

of big oil firms

WASHINGTON, July 26 (R).

A nationally known figure

should head an inquiry into

whether the 15 blggest Uoited

States oil companies cheated

American consumers during

the Arab oil embargo in 1973-

74 a government agency re-

The U.S. Securities and Ex-

change Commission (SEC) cal-

led for the investigation to be

effort in the shortest possible time to once and for all make

a determination if the public

was overcharged during the

embargo, SEC's top enforce-ment official, Stanley Sporkin,

The study criticised as in-effective the Federal Energy

Administration (FEA) set up

during the embargo to coor-dinate U.S. oil policy.

There has to be a major

port urged yesterday.

set up immediately.

wrote in the report.

U.N. Law of the Sea Conference faces possible U.S. withdrawal

(R). — A United States withdrawal from the U.N. conference on the Law of the Sea would be oothing short of a disaster, conference President Shirley Amerasinghe said ye-

The Sri Lanka diplomat was commenting on a statement last week by U.S. Ambassador Elliot Richardson who said he would be advising President Carter to review the work of the conference, with U.S. with-drawal from the talks an obvious option.

"Certainly, I don't think it is at all satisfactory at this stage for any delegation to say they must review their whole attitude towards the conference," Mr. Amerasinghe told a news conference.
"If that implies the possibl-

lity of withdrawal from the cooference, it would be nothing sbort of a disaster," he said.

Mr. Amerasinghe said that

OPEC ministers will meet in Vienna Aug. 4

CYPRUS, July 26 (R). . Finance ministers from the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) will meet in Vienna on Aug. 4 to discuss further aid allocations to developing countries, according to the in-fluential "Middle East Eco-

nomic Survey".

The weekly said the OPEC special fund has so far granted loans worth \$196.8 million to poor countries which have been identified by the United Notices. tified by the United Nations as the most seriously affected by recent economic stthe eight-week sea law session that adjourned on July 15.
"Ambassador Richardson himself acknowledges that in certain very controversial areas we bave almost reached con-

sensus," he said. In Washington Mr. Richardson said his team of negotiators will be ready in a few weeks to advise President Carter on whether the United States should continue taking part in

He told the House of Representatives International Rela-

GATT CONFERENCE ENDS IN DEADLOCK

GENEVA, July 26 (R). — A major clash on textiles between industrialised and developing nations seems certain later this year after a 50-nation meeting seeking a oew tariff and trade agreement broke up Monday night in deadlock.

Developing countries -- not-ably Brazil, India and Egypt -- want the present agreement, which expires at the end of this year, renewed without change. The European Commion Market countries, however, want it to include provisions for "reasonable departures" from the former agreement, in the form of bilateral ac-

As the textile committee of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) adjourned in deadlock last night without setting a date for re-sumption, its chairman, GATT Director General Oliver Long waroed that failure to agree this year could lead to "disin-tegration of international tra-

Major textile importers the United States and the EEC -- told reporters here yesterday they were asking Mr. Long to open a new GATT "protocol" on textiles for signature as from Dec. 15 by any

ton that the U.S. review involved both substantive issues relating to seabed mining, and procedures used by the United Nations committee in drafting a compromise text on the seabed mining question.

What was still unresolved was a matter of very special concero to the U.S., the system of exploitation of the mineral wealth of the seabed, Mr. Amerasinghe continued.

Commenting on Mr. Richardson's criticisms of the procedures followed in the conference. Mr. Amerasinghe, who is also president of the U.N. Ge-neral Assembly, said he himaelf had never been happy with

"I hope at the next session, there will be a clear understanding from the very start on bow we are going to pro-

Soviets raise rents on foreign residents

MOSCOW, July 26 (R). -Soviet authorities issued eviction warnings yesterday in a drive to bring rent increases of up to 120 per cent for fore-igners living in Moscow.

Three Westero jouroalists received what foreigners think will prove the first of many warnings of evictioo in the dispute, which began early this

Hundreds of diplomats and foreign businessmeo and jouroalists then received demands for higher rents from the Diplomatic Corps Service Bureau (UPDK), the foreigne-rs' "landlord" in the Soviet

Most responded by calling for discussion -- and contin-

cord sum of \$4,600 million. It

bopes to push its direct sales

Whether the Soviet Union

and other countries buying Ira-

nian crude pay in cash or kind,

an expanded market means

more income and less depende-

On every barrel of oil sold

directly, the NIOC earns an extra 22 cents that otherwise

would go to OSCO in the form

of discount for exporting oil

under the 20-year agreement

The NIOC has bartered oil

with Rumania and other coun-

tries for refinery equipment

and in acquiring equity in re-fineries in India, South Africa,

Good news has come recen-

tly from Bulgaria, Finland and

Bulgarian Ambassador Kiril

Finland said it would like to

East Germany, which impor-

ts 15 million tons from the So-

viet Union annually, last year

bought 375,000 tons of oil

from Iran and is expected to

rels of crude to Spain, replac-

supplier of oil to that coun-

Switzerland is reported to be

The new five-year deal with

Brazil is worth \$5 billion of

which Iran will spend \$1,500

million in buying Brazillan goods and services. A aoyabe-

an complex to be built in Iran

is a major joint project un-

Interested in buying Iranian

step up purchases this year.

double its purchase of Iraniao crude which last year totalled

Shterev said bis country, which

imported 400,000 tons of crude

from Iran last year, will buy

200,000 toos more this year.

South Korea and Senegal.

this year even higher.

nce by Iran on OSCO.

signed in 1973.

East Germany.

700,000 tons.

ued to pay at the old rate.

UPDK broke a long silence yesterday, writing to the cor-respondents of three Western news organisations that the new rent agreements be concluded within 20 days.

Representatives of Switzerland's Neue Zuercher Zeitung, and the Suddeutsche Zeitung and ARD Radio and Television of West Germany, were told that otherwise they could re-gard the letter as an "official warning of the need to vacate the premises you occupy within two months."

Foreigners expect many more such warnings.

Diplomats say UPDK argues that rents abroad have gooe up by about 200 per cent in the last 10 years.

The new rents would mean foreigners paid more than 10 times the rate charged Sovlet tenants, and the Soviet Union constantly claims to have no inflation, foreign residents say.

Rent for a typical threeroom apartment would go up from the equivalent of £77 a month to £173. A roomier, three-bedroom flat, also fur-nished would cost more than £300 a month, compared with

Offices are also affected.

Herr Wolfgang Hauptmann of ARD said all three correspondents had written back rejecting the ultimatum but stressing they wanted to negotiate the new rents.

Most Westero and Third World embassies were told by UPDK last month it was ready to negotiate rents with them individually, a different approach from that used with the correspondents yesterday.

Britain predicts annual North Sea oil production

LONDON, July 26 (R). — The British government last night forecast annual oil production from the British sector of the North Sea would range from 100 to 150 million tons in the years 1980-1985.

The figures were given by Dr. John Cunningham, energy under secretary of state, in a parliamentary answer.

He stated that offshore oil in the area in the first year -- 1975 -- totalled 1.1 million tons. Last year's production was 12 million tons and in the first half of this year it was 17 million tons.

The forecasts were: 40-45 In the first quarter of this year Iran sold 1.9 million barmillion tons in 1977, 60-70 million tons next year, 80-95 million tons in 1979 and 100-120 ing Saudi Arabia as the main million toos in 1980, he said.

"Annual production in the years 1980-1985 is expected to be in the range of 100-150 mil-

The minister added: "For fields already in production or under development the unit cost of production is estimated to range from \$3 to \$9 a barrel at 1976 prices, including exploration, development and operating costs and inte-

Bomb explodes along Alaska

 A bomb damaged part of the installation of the trans-Alaska oil pipeline late last night but left the pipe itself unharmed, a state police spokesman said today.

Fairbanks.

lable on the type of bomb or whether it had a timing device and on one has claimed responsibility for the detonation, he said.

Peruvian miners, bankers mount strike for increased wages, full union rights

LIMA, July 26 (R). — Peru's tense labour situation looked more strained today with miners and bank workers set to strike.

About 40 per cent of the 13,000 work force of the state owned mining corporation, Centromin, obeyed a union strike call yesterday for wage rises to offset last month's stiff price increases on food, public transport and petrol.

More were expected to join the strike today despite a tough government statement threatening to dismiss those not back at work within 24 hours. The miners are also protesting

against the deportation of their union leader, Victor Cuadros Paredes, to France. Centromin accounts for half Peru's mining exports.

Meanwhile the Federation of Bank Employees, an affiliate of the powerful communist-led General Confederation of Peruvian Workers (CGTP), threatened the military government with another general strike.

The Bank Workers' Union, which has 20,000 members, has demanded the immediate release of ail union leaders arrested after last Tuesday's general strike which paralysed

essentially Boeing 707s fitted with advanced electronic

The administration called

the General Accounting Office

report inaccurate and mislead-

ing. It said the advanced radar

planes were a cheaper, more

effective alternative to ground

systems because of the Iran-ian terrain and climate.

had reservations about the

sale and suggested the offer

be resubmitted since it was

not critical that action be

taken this year.
Erich von Marbod, acting director of the U.S. Defence

Security Assistance Agency, said the plane would help as-

sure that Iran maintained a

modern air force which in the

1980s and 1990s would be eq-

gional force except the Soviet

He said the Iranians were

apprebensive of Soviet support

for some of its neighbours,

especially Iraq.
The Senate subcommittee is

due to meet later this week to decide whether to refer the

matter to its parent committee

Senate opposition to the sale

The sale has also provoked

The House International Re-

lations Committee bas scheduled a bearing on the sale for

Thursday, at which Secretary

of State Cyrus Vance and

Deputy Secretary of Defence

Charles Duncan are due to

considerable opposition in the

is being led by Sen. John Cul-

with a recommendation.

House.

ual to that of any hostile re-

Sen. Byrd had said that he

equipment

The union has also called for the re-establishment of full union rights and the repeal of a government decree which at thorises firms to fire striking workers.

The government has sottes tougher in the face of mount. ing protests against the rising

cost of living. Last week's general strike followed weeks of rioting in key provincial cities where in

estimated 10 people were reported to have died in clather with security forces. Seven others were killed during the strike when troops opened fire on rioters in shan-

ty-towns surrounding the capital. Hundreds of labour leaders who backed the strike we

General Alcibiades Saenz Barsallo, the new economy minister, will announce a new economic programme next we ek, informed sources said Re is expected to reverse some of the harsber measures which led to the resignation of his predecessor, Senor Walter Piazza, and triggered off the pre-sent labour unrest.

The government has already ordered a reduction in the price of bread and pasta and a freeze in the price of butter milk and oil.

LOCAL **EXCHANGE RATES**

Following are official en change rates in effect at the start of today's business day, as set by the Central Bank of

The first column is how much you would receive in Jordania fils for selling a unit of the foreign currency, while the second column denotes how much it would cost you to buy a unit of the foreign currency:

Saudi riyal Lebanese pound 104.1 Syrian pound 80.3 Iraql dinar 950.00 955,00 1132,0 Kuwaiti dinar 1127.0 Egyptian pound 465.0 Libvan dmar 700.0 UAE dirbam 82.9 U.K. sterling 559.0 470.0 U.S. dollar German mark 144.6 French franc 136.5 Swiss franc

Italian lira (for

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies against the dollar et the close of inter-bank trading on the London Foreign Exchange Market yesterday. Tourist rates will differ from those quoted below.

One sterling = 1.7201/03One dollar = 2.2455 / 65

2.4068 / 78 2.3825 / 35 34.88 / 91 4.8015 / 30 881.00 / 20 264.30 / 40 4.2870 / 2500 5.2035 / 65

West German marks Dutch guilders **Swiss francs** Belgian francs French francs Italian lire

U.S. dollars

Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

5.8910 / 40

Government bonds ruse an initial 1/4 point but tight money conditions prompted small selling of shorts. Longer maturities reacted in sympathy and returned to overnight levels. Golds drifted lower. Canadians and U.S. dollar stocks lost ground.

News Focus

Iran receives boost in drive to bypass Western companies and sell directly to nations

By Ibrahim Noori

TEHRAN, (R). — Iran'a an oil barter deal under which drive to sell oil directly to other nations, bypassing Western machine-tool plant in the norexpected boost from the Soviet Union, which has for the first time asked this country for one million tons of crude.

Last month, Brazil agreed to quadruple oil imports from Iran by December 1978 and for three years thereafter will purchase 25 per cent of its oil needs from this country.

Though the Soviet Uoion requested the oil last December, news of the move was disclosed only five months later by the Soviet trade representati-ve in Iran, Viktor Slavkov. He said the government had not at that time responded to the Soviet request.

The oil, he explained, was for delivery to terminals on the Black Sea. If the deal went through, more Iranian crude would be purchased.

Mr. Slavkov did not explain why the Soviet Union -- which buys crude also from Syria and the Libyan Jamahiryah -- wants Iranian crude in addition to natural gas which is piped from Iran's southern fields to the Soviet border town of As-

two countries were discussing companies, has received an un- th-eastern province of Khora- a record total of 55 million to-

of gas last year, was built with

Iran is also believed to have paid in gas for a variety of items of Soviet military equipment including armoured personnel carriers, ampbibious vehicles, trucks and artillery.

But the government has so far failed to barter oil for so-phisticated U.S. military fighter jets, although it successfully concluded a £400 million oil-

(NIOC) which has been active

The NIOC is aiming to market about 50 per cent of Iran's oil output by 1980. Last year N1OC sold directly

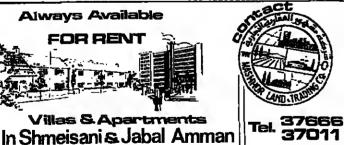
ns, to 35 customers, for a re-

The Soviet Union has already bullt a machine-tool plant and a steel complex in gas barter. The pipeline, which de-livered 10 million cubic metres

Soviet credit and repaid in gas.

for-missiles deal with the British Aircraft Corporation last The news of new markets is

welcomed by the state-owned National Iranian Oil Company ly canvassing customers in an attempt to reduce the hold of the Oil Service Company of Iran (OSCO), the main extractors and exporters of Iranian



EMPLOYEES WANTED

- I. Male or female employee for correspondence work in English, knowledge of French an advantage, with minimum experience of 3 years. Full
- 2. Secretary qualified in telex work, filing, Arabic and English typing. French an advantage.

Written applications with the necessary documents to be sent to P.O. Box 7175, Amman,

- time job in Amman.

Salaries good and commensurate to experience and analifications.

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AUSTIN MORRIS MINI 1972 MODEL Customs unpaid, 45,000 kms. Call 61229 8:30 - 14:00 61710 after 18:00

pipeline ANCHOURAGE, July 26 (R).

The spokesman said the device was placed near the pipeline at a spot off the Elliott Highway, north of

No information was avai-

Carter administration rejects Sen. Byrd's request to defer **AWACS** planes sale to Iran borne warning and control system (AWACS) aircraft -- are tion of the Senate leader's request was revealed by a su-

bcommittee aide after a clo-

sed meeting of the Foreign

Relations Subcommittee

WASHINGTON, July 26 (R). - The Carter administration told a Senate panel yesterday it planned to go ahead with the proposed sale of seven advanced radar planes to Iran despite a request by Senate Democratic leader Robert Byrd to defer it until next year.

Sen. Byrd wrote to President Carter over the weekend saying it would be impos-sible for the Senate to give the \$1.2 billion sale the careful consideration it deserved before Congress recessed on

The administration's rejec-

ter's closest confidants, rece-

ived a fresh vote of confi-

dence yesterday from a Se-

nate committee after defending

a \$3.4 million personal bank

loan he obtained.

the loan.

Foreign assistance. Witnesses from the Defence and State Departments defeoded the sale against charges by the General Accounting Office (GAO), the congression-

al watchdog agency, that the sophisticated equipment might fall into bostile hands and en-danger U.S. security. The GAO said that alternative radar systems had not been considered fully. The planes -- called air-

Lance receives vote of confidence from Senate committee

WASHINGTON, July 26 (R).

— U.S. Budget Director Bert
Lance, one of President Carsible violations of the national bank act," Mr. Ribicoff

Mr. Lance, head of the White House Office of Management and Budget (OMB), denied anything improper in the loan from the First National Bank of Chicago two weeks before the Carter ad-ministration took office on January 20.

He also denied be was given special consideration for the loan because the Georgia

bank be headed had opened a non-interest-bearing account end of 1977 to avoid any pearance of conflict of inte-In the Chlcago institution a month before he was granted "You have been smeared from one end of the country to the other, lo my opinion unjustly," Senate Governmen-

man Abraham Ribicoff told Mr. Lance, referring to news accounts of the loan transac-Other committee members, both from Mr. Lance's Democratic Party and from the Republican opposition, said Mr. Lance had adequately ans-

wered the newspaper allega-Sen. Ribicoff told reporters his committee has ended its cy.
The controller, who regula-tes national banks is "conducting an inquiry over pos-

Bank of Georgia stock by the

The stock is now in a trust administered by Mr. Thomas Mitchell, a Georgia business-man, who informed the committee he is on the verge of selling Mr. Lance's holdings. Mr. Lance said two weeks

ces of around \$12.

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

EEC agrees on loan to Lebanon

* BRUSSELS, July 26 (R). — Common Market foreign ministers today agreed in principle to an EEC loan to help the reconstructioo of Lebanon but did oot fix the amount community officials said here. Earlier EEC aources said the community was considering a loan of up to \$55 million to help repair some of last year's

UAE considers power project for Pakistan

* ABU DHABI, July 26 (R). — An Abu Dhabl economic mission will leave here for Pakistan on Aug. 4 to discuss the possible financing of a power project for Karachi, it was officially reported here today. The Emirates News Agency said the project was vital for the city of Karachi and would produce an extra 125 megawatts powered by gas turbines. Funds for the project might be provided by the Abu Dbabi Fund for Arab Economic Development the state's foreign aid agency.

North Yemen, UAE discuss aid

* ABU DHABI, July 26 (R). — North Yemen State Minister Mohammad Salem Basendwa started talks here today on further aid to his country from the Abu Dhabi Fund for Arab Economic Development. Mr. Basendwa, who arrived bere yesterday, was seeking finance for water, sewerage, port, agricultural, animal busbandry and cement production projects, officials said. Experts from the fund will visit North Yemen later this year to study the projects on the spot and the fund has agreed to look into Yemeni requests for extra funds to finance the shortfall in the costs on projects already receiving Abu Dhabi aid, they added. Among such projects were water works for Sana', the Yemeni capital, and an agricultural scheme for the southern mountain region, they said.

IMF will meet to discuss special fund

* WASHINGTON, July 26 (R). — Finance ministers from key member countries of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) will meet in Paris on August 6 to finalise details of a special fund to belp nations with balance of payments problems, the organisation said yesterday. The fund will be financed by Western nations with strong currencies and major oil exporting countries. It has been named the "Witteveen facility" after IMF chief Johannes Witteveen and will give sbort-term belp to both developed and developing countries. Informed U.S. administration sources said it would be worth about \$11 billion compared with Mr. Witteveen's original target of about \$16 billion.

هي التعل

loan but will give the trans-cript of the hearing to the U.S. controller of the curren-

Mr. Lance sald the controller "will find nothing but a straightforward business transaction" in the bank account. Mr. Lance's finances were taken up by the committee after be and President Carter recently asked for a waiver of his commitment to sell 200,000 ahares of National

tal Affairs Committee Chair-

ago be would lose some \$1.6 million if forced to sell the stock at present depressed pri-But Mr. Mitchell indicated

at the weekend that be had found a buyer willing to pay more than the trading price of the stock. Mr. Lance sald this was not unusual in the sales of large blocks of bank

WALL STREET REPORT

Not received

LONDON MARKET REPORT

Stock prices were lower Tuesday on balance in trading dealers said. At 15:00 the F.T. index was down 6.1 at 431.1.

Gold price not received.

PORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, JULY 27, 1977

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from the CARROLL RIGHTER INSTITUTE

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Think in as broad a scope as possible for you now have the opportunity to build a whole new set of conditions for the future that can bring you an expanded consciousness where it means the most to you. This also applies to any trips you are interested in taking so get all possible information.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Get together with persons of different culture from your own and learn much from them. Complete arrangements for a trip you want to take. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Show more concern for the

of credit affairs more wisely. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Find out what your true position is with partners and come to a better understanding. Work out agreements more intelligently.

welfare of e loved one and have better rapport. Take care

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Handle tasks that are most pressing or most interesting. Cooperate more with co-workers. Be careful in motion of all kinds.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) If you use more direct methods with a loved one, you find you get better results. Get into the recreations that please you the most.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Study into new projects that can be more to your liking and make you more successful. Do some entertaining at home, but stay within your budget.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Use your energy for some work on a mutual project you have with an ally and get good results. Study policy matters with other partners. Take care you are not led around by the nose by inferiors.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Find the right way to have more abundance in the future and get right to work: Consult a fine adviser who can give you good ideas. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Go after what it is

you most desire and accomplish a great deal now. You can make progress through social avenues also.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) An edviser can give you good ideas privately that can be put in operation quickly to your betterment. Find a better way to please closest tie, also. Don't lose your temper with others. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Be your friendly self

and make big beadway with others and feel happier, more prosperous, meet interesting personalities. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Handle public and career affairs well today and you can soon enjoy a more enviable

position in life. Become more efficient and your work can become a pleasure instead of a bore.

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3rd Circle Jabal Amman

supply Chinese food and special family dinner: only JD 1.250 including one soup one dish plain rice or bread. Welcome and enjoy our typical

delicious Chinese food. Many many thanks for your

kindly patronage.



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OUT ABOUT

Captain's Cabin

The fashionable restaurant for you. Grindlays Bank-street. Tel. 2197. AQABA. Open for dinner. Air conditioned. Speciality Italian cuisine. Live Music and

DUETO STEAKHOLS

Firss Wings Hotel, Jabal Al Luweibdeh, Tel. 22103/4. Choice of THREE set memus daily for lunch, and a la carte.

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Restourants for broasted chicken and light snacks. Take home, lunch or dinner. Jahal Amman, First Circle. Tel. 21083. Jabal Al Luwelbdeh, Hawuz Circle. Tel. 30646 Jabai Al Hussein, near Jerusalem Chema. Tel. 21781.

Also in Zarka and Irbed.

CHINESE RESTAURANT

First Chinese restaurant in First Circle, Jabai Amman, dear the Ahilyah School or CMS.

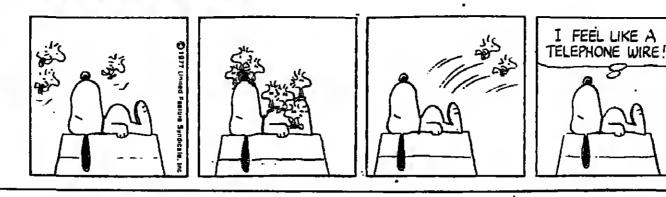
Tel. 36668. Open daily from noon to 3:30 p.m. and 6:30 p.m. to midnight. Also take home service order

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First Circle, Jahal Ammar Tel. 25592. Open from 7 a.m. to 1 a.m. Restaurant, coffee shop, snack bar and patisserie. Oriental and European specialties.

For advertising in above columns contact "Sout Wa Soura" Tel. 38869. Open from 9 a.m. to I p.m. and 4-6 p.m.

PRANUTS















PROVERB

God's wheels of judgement grind exceedingly slow, but they grind exceedingly fine.

Lamuca (CY)

11:15 Berry 11:30 Baghdad (IA) 11:45 Bucharest (Tarom) 12:25 Jeddah (SDI)

Kowaii (KAC) Athena IGA: Benghazi Amsurdom, E

Benghozi
Lemara (CY)
London
Baghdad (IA)
Bucharest (Taron)
Riyadh,
1SDi)

* 21111,*\$7777*

13.00 Calm

Genero 14:15 Krawat (KAC)
Cairo 64:15 Doha, Dahal, Mus
GA)
Riyadh, Damaseus 20:00 Abu Dhabl. Dubai
(SDI)
Frankfurt, Munich, Da. 21:30 Dhabran
mascus (Lufthansa) 21:35 Rawalpindi (BA)

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JORDAN TELEVISION REC RADIO AMMAN AIRPORT LCB The Mystery of Loch
Scss
15:00 Radio Newsreel
16:00 News; Commentary
16:15 My Word
16:45 The World Today
17:00 Served Meeting World News, 24 hours Sarah Ward The World Today News, Press Review Terry Wogan's LP Shows 21:35 London (BA) Dhahran, Kuw Cairo (EA) Dubai (AZ) Muscat, Doha Jeddah Abu Dhahi Aqaba Departures : 8-00 Agaba 8-05 Beirut (MEA) 8-05 Cairo (EA) 8-00 Beirut 9-05 Rome (AZ) Athens, An (KLM) 10:30 Benghozi Laverne and Shirley News in Arabic

Channel 3: 10:00 News in English 16:15 Mystery movie RADIO JORDAN (5:00 Concert hour 16:00 East Interior 17:00 Sunce. Inc. Fact The Breaklast show in fiers

8:30 Happy days

Morning show 17.20 Peters 200 (6.00 Peters constant 16.05 P. p. 16.126 person from or the week 19 00 1855

EMERGENCIES Doctors : Irbid:

16.45 The World Today
17:00 New
17:09 Second Hearing
17:09 Book Chelter
17:05 Sports Remarking
16:00 News; Radio Newsreel
16:00 News; Radio Newsreel
16:00 Outlook: News Sum-OWES A hours
07:30 Sereb Ward
07:35 Report on Religion
08:00 News
08:15 Reom at the Top
08:00 News, Bark in Britam
08:00 News, Press Review
9:00 Look Abrad
09:30 Financial News usury 19:40 Stock Market Report 4 Victoria 20:00 News; 24 hours Paperbacks Talkabout 21:00 Report on Religion 21:15 Wales T7 21:00 The Men from the Mi-

25:00 News; The World To-dry
25:25 Financial News
25:25 Formandal News
25:25 Formandal News
25:25 Formandal News
25:25 Sports Round-up
25:00 News; Commentary VOICE OF AMERICA The Breakfast Show Man. News Summars 03:00, 04:00, 05:00 and 18:20 Music USA (Smedards)

Feature · Space and Man. News Summars

Civil Serence resources
First aid, fire, politics
Jordan Electric Power Ca. (ass
Municipal water servine (easer
Police beadquarters
Najdeh, rowing patrol resours;
spaken) 24 hours a day for 4
Airport information (Alla) GS.00, 06:00, 65:00 and 18:20 Music USA (Sundards)

News Rounding, Reports

News Rounding, Reports

Noticed (2290)

News Rounding, Reports

Noticed (2290)

News Rounding, Reports

Noticed (2290)

News Rounding, Reports

Appeal Reports

Noticed, rowing patrol rescue police, (English spaken) 24 hours a day for emergency help alpeat information (Alia)

News Rounding, Reports

Noticed, rowing patrol rescue police, (English spaken) 24 hours a day for emergency help alpeat information (Alia)

Noticed (2290)

No

CORED ERIDAE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF 1976, The Chicago Tribune

Both vulnerable. South

NORTH **↑** A 7642 ∵Q84 0 A 63

WEST K4 ♠ K 985 ₹52 **\$ 1073** ↓ Q 10 7 ! **♣Q97532 ♣J10** SOUTH

♠ Q 10 3 ♥ A K J 9 ° → K 9 4A86 The hidding: South West North East Pass 1 + Pass Pass 3 ? Pass 4 NT Pass 5 T Pass Pass Pass Pass

Opening lead: Jack of +

In the immortal words of Alexander Pope. "A little learning is a dangerous thing." Declarer knew just enough about the probabilities of distribution to make him overlook a virtually ironelail line which would have landed his slam con-

North-South conducted an orderly auction to their besl spot. South felt his hand was too strong to open one no trump because of his good five-card major and fine intermediates. After North responded in spades. South bid of two clubs to give his suits. parlner an opportunity to clarify his holding. When North vigorously supported hearts, South checked on aces, then settled in the small slam when he found his side was off an ace.

West's spade lead looked to the world like a singleton. so declarer rose with dum-

my's ace. Since he could afford to lose a spade, declarer eashed the king and ace of clubs, then tried to ruff a club in duning with the eight. East overruffed, cash-

ed the king of spades and gave his partner a ruff for a two trick set.

South defended his play by claiming that he couldn't afford to ruff with the queen of trumps in case the trump suit split 4-1. Surely that was more likely than a 62 club split? True enough, but de-

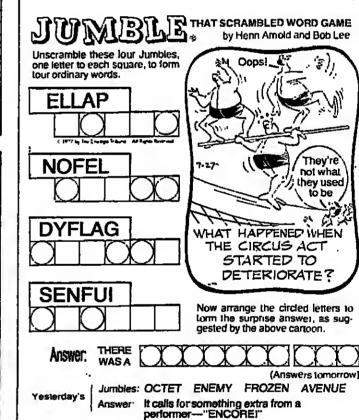
clarer failed to realize that he could have claimed his contract if trumps were divided no worse than 4-1.

After winning the acc of studes, declarer should draw one round of trumps with the king. When both defenders

follow, all declarer has to do is pull the remaining trumps and concede a trief, to the king of spades, the wins any return in his hand, coshes his high spade, enters dummy

and ruffs a spade. That sets up dummy's fifth spade for a club diseard while declarer still has an entry to the manufactured a temporizing heard in one of the minor

> By establishing dominy's side suit instead of trying for a rull, declarer has no problem limiting his losses to the king of spades.





Another jolt to alliance

Chinese press slams Albania

PEKING, July 26 (R). -Chinese newspapers today published a thinly-veiled attack on Albania amid increasing evidence of a sarious rift batween Peking and its once-close ideological ally.

Two Peking newspapers, including the People's Daily, gave prominence to a statement by a Greek Marxist-Leninist refuting Albanian claims that China was deflecting the revolutionary movement from its true path.

The news item did not mention Albania by name but alluded to "revisionism dogmatism, splittism and opportuni-sm." in Tirana, the Albanian

In his statement Mr. Petros Stagos of the Greek Revolu-Communist Movement, defended Mao Tse-lung's concept of the three worlds -superpowers, developed countries and developing countri-

Earlier this month, the Albanian newspaper Zeri i Popullit (Voice of the People) attacked the three worlds theory as anti-Leninist.

Reports from Belgrade yes-terday said Albania had told Chinese experts in the tiny Adriatic country there would be no need for them to stay "beyood a certain point." The-re was no official comment

Today's news item was the nearest Peking has come to a direct answer to the Zeri l Popullit editorial and suggested Albania may be playing in-to Moscow's hands.

It spoka of "opportunism which may be leftist in words ... and serves the policies and cunning plots of Soviet social imporialism." cial-imperialism.

There have been other signs that the lop-sided relationship between the 800 million Chinese and 2.5 million Albanians was floundering.

an news has shrunk -- perhaps because Tirana has still not reported lest October's downfail of China's "gang of four" radicals.

Albania appeared disturbed y the radicals' dismissal. One of tha group, Mr. Yao Wenyuan, was the last important Chinese to visit the Balkan st-

Morocco, Mauritania strengthen alliance against Polisario

RABAT, July 26 (R). Morocco and Mauritania yesterday strengthened their military alliance against the nationalist Polisario front movement which is seeking independence for the Westero Sahara.

An official communique issued here said the two countries had decided on joint measures to deal with "any aggression against their national independence."

After a meeting of the Mutual Defence Committee, presided over by Morocco's King Hassan, the communique said the two countries had agreed to set up technical commissions "to further reinforce coordination in all fields between aimed at threatening their national unity and their territorial integrity."

This was seen here as a reference to attacks over the past year on the two countries by the Algerian-based Polisar-io front. The Western Sahara was ceded by Spain to Morocco and Mauritania last year.

After the Mutual Defence Committee was established in May, Morocco airlifted 600 troops to the Mauritanian town of Zouerate to help defend it against the Polisario front which had made three attacks in the space of two months.

Yesterday's communique sa-id there had been "excellent coordination in defence matters between the two countries" since the defence pact

cooteots of private safe depo-Official warns of serious raciai conflicts in

STOCKHOLM, July 26 (R). Naturalisation Board Director Sweden's top immlgration official said yesterday that clashes between gangs of Swe-dish youths, known as "Raggare" and Assyrian and Gypsy minorities were only the racial conflicts in Sweden.

Kjell Oeberg said in an interview published in the newspaper, Aftonbladet. His comments were later confirmed in a telephone call with Reuters.

beginning of possible serious and condemned the United States but now the same things "Things may well become are happening here and we act far worse," Immigration and just as disgustingly," he said.

Accidental explosion follows floods in Johnstown, Penn.

JOHNSTOWN, Pennsylvania, July 26 (R). - An explosion ripped through a building in this flood-ravaged town yesterday, leaving at least 13 people injured, three of them critically, police said.

The blast occurred in a commercial area of Johnstown. which was devastated last week by a flash flood that killed at least 58 people and caused damage estimated at \$200 mil-

Local officials said the explosion was caused by leaking

Efforts to clear up after the flood were hindered by a severe storm moving through the mountainous area and the National Weather Service issued a flash flood warning to remain in effect for the rest of yes-

While the official death toll

rumours that more than 100

news broadcasts but there is no way to substantiate it," a police spokesman said.

were left homeless by the flood, created by a nine-hour thunderstorm on Tuesday night, during which almost 300 mm.

ople were still missing after last Wednesday's flood. They added that many bodies had

never be found. Johnstown stands in an area known to be prone to sud-

from Wednesday's flooding reached 58, State Police denied

"We heard the report on

An estimated 50,000 people

den flooding, but last week's disaster was the worst in the town since 1889, when more than 2,000 people were killed.

other bodies had been found.

Officials said about 100 pebeen washed away and might

"Year after year we've sat

edertaelje recently, a gang of "Raggare" attacked a group of Assyrians, members of a Christian minority sect who came to Sweden from Turkey and other Middle East countries in the mio-1970s to escape what they describe as religious persecution there.

> In the past few days Swedisb youths have also clashed with Gypsies living in a sub-urb of Malmoe.

Mr. Oeberg yesterday ex-pressed astonishment at the lack of public indignation in Sweden at the behaviour of the "Raggare" towards racial

MADRID, July 26 (R). group of Argentine nationals has been arrested in Spain in

connection with the Paris kid-

napplng of Flat executive Lu-

chino Revelli-Beaumont and the

bulk of a \$2 million ransom

paid for his release has been

city said today the ransom mo-ney was found in three city

banks after bankers had agre-

ed to allow police to inspect

In the industrial city of So-

Justice sources in the Swiss

found in Geneva.

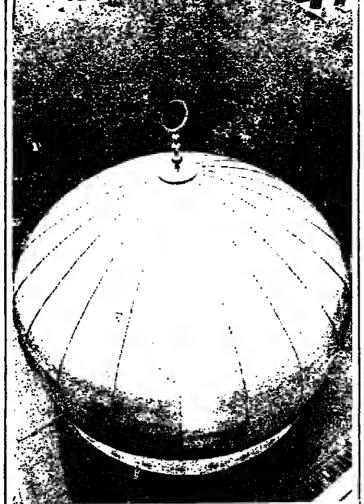
minorities. Mr. Oeberg said that Swedes protested when the "Raggare" vandalised and destroyed public amenities "yet in these ca-ses where "Raggare" now attack minority groups, suddenly there is no reaction and inste-

ad of becoming indignant, pe-

ople say they understand the 'Raggare" or even side with them," he said.

Mr. Oeberg said that when
the children of today's immigrants grew up they would ba much less likely than their parents to tolerate intimida-

tion by racialists. "They'll gang together and use violence against violence and we can expect riots ex-actly like those we have seen in other countries," he added.



MOSQUE DOME -- The gold-coloured dome of the new \$4 million Central Mosque stands out against the backdrop of trees in London's Regents Park. Its timber frame is sheathed in copper anodised with a gold finish and is protected from corrosion by a plastic shaeting. The mosque, designed by Bri-tish architect Sir Frederick Gibberd and built by John Laing Construction Ltd., is the largest of the 400 or so mosques in Construction Ltd., is the largest of the 400 or so mosques in Britain. Almost all the cost has been met by donations from Arab governments. Gifts in kind include the white and blue frieze around the drum of the doma presented by the Turkish government. The new mosque -- the focal point for Britain's Moslem community, which is estimated at anything between 500,000 and a million, occupies a site presented by the British government in return for a site in Cairo where a British church was built (RIS photo). ch was built. (BIS photo).

7 arrested in Fiat kidnap case

More than \$1.500,000 and a collection of false passports

and identity cards, were found

us the boxes, the sources said. In Madrid, a police spokes-

man sald seven Argentinians were detained in the Spanish capital and at the southern

Port of Malaga during the we-

ekend. They were expected to

France in connection with the

the seven Argentinians had

travelled extensively in Europe

on false South American pas-

"We are certain we have the brains behind the kidnapping,"

said M. Ducret.

appear in court later today.

But remains committed to defence

U.S. begins to withdraw from South Korea next year

The promise that the United

States remained committed

to the defence of South Korea

came in letter from President

Carter that Mr. Brown deliver-

SEOUL, July 26 (R) -The United States said today it would begin withdrawing ground troops from South Korea next year but remained committed to the defence of the

U.S. Defence Secretary Har-old Brown told a press conference tha withdrawal would result in a more stable situation in Northeast Asia and South Korea would continue to be protected by tha U.S. nuc-lear umbrella.

Agreement on tha pullout of 33,000 men was reached during two days of talks here between Mr Brown and South Korean officials. They decided the withdrawal would be phased over four to five years, starting with the removal of 6,000 men by the end of next

Tha United States said that in return it would help South Korea build up its own defen-

South Korea's Defenca Minister Suh Jyong-chul told the press conference that what be called these compensatory measures were "constructive and

While ground forces will be withdrawn, the Americans would boost their air forca presence and naval forces would remain in the area, a joint communique said. Some intelligence, communications and other support units also would

American officials said meanwhile that the U.S. force of 60 Phantom fighter bombers in South Korea would be increased 20 to 25 per cent.

from Geneva by the Argentin-

Signor Revelli-Beaumont, head of Fiat's French subsidiary, was freed in versailles two weeks ago after being held by his kidnappers for nearly three months.

A self-styled revolutionary group, "the Committee for Re-volutionary Socialist Unity," claimed responsibility for seizing Signor Revelli-Beaumont and set four deadlines for killing him.

In Paris, a senior police spokesman said today an eighth person had been detained in At the time of his release a Swiss government spokes-man said that a \$2 million ra-M. Jean Ducret, head of the nsom had been paid in Switze-Criminal Investigation Depart-ment of the French police, sald rland. The money was handed over in two briefcases on Geneva street to four men "of the Latin type," the spokes-

> Swiss banking laws allow banks to lift their famed secrecy at the request of the authori-ties if the money involved is suspected of being linked to

He said police had been able to track down all the suspects through telephone calls made crime.

More U.S. infants die of radioactive exposure

NEW YORK, July 26 (R). — Infant deaths rose sharply in five American states exposed to heavy radioactive fallout after a Chinese nuclear test last September, a U.S. radiologist said. Dr. Ernest Sternglass said yesterday that infant mortality ra-

tes in a group of northeastern states had risen by between 13 and 41 per cent early this year. He said that the "most conservative estimate" showed infant mortality up by 100 deaths in the northeast on the previous year

despite an overall drop nationally.

His study, presented last week to the National Academy of Sciences In Washington, indicated that the higher infant mortality in the northeast was probably caused by markedly higher concentrations of radioactive iodine In the thyroid glands of foetu-

Radioactive iodine tends to collect in cow's milk and concentrate in the thyroid gland, according to Dr. Sternglass, a radiologist at the University of Pittsburg.

U.S. government statistics revealed a higher incidence of infant deaths from causes that could be connected with radioactive lodine in the thyroid in those states where fallout was greatest, he told a reporter.

ed to President Park Chunghee yesterday. "Neither North Korea nor any other country should bava any doubts about the continuing strength of this com-mitment," Mr. Carter wrote in

the letter which South Kore-

most valuable document." A symbol of the commitment was a combined American South Korean command promised in the communique that announced the withdrawal.

an officials described as

It added that the U.S.-led

Vote in Spanish Cortes beats leftist proposals

United Nations Command, a

signatory to the 1953 agree-

ment that ended the Korean

war, would continue to func-

tion as there was no "viable al-ternative arrangement" to the

After the departure of 6,000 men in 1978, the communique

said, the beadquarters and two brigades of the Second In-

fantry Division would remain in Korea until the final phase

The U.S. Ambassador to So-

uth Korea Mr. Richard Sneid-

er, was quoted earlier today

as saying: "We are not pulling

out of here We are not about to commit hara kiri. It

is as much in our interest as

the Koreans to do the job in

Congress, combined with the rightwing Popular Alliance (16

seats) to defeat the leftist pro-

The vote was an indication

of what could happen in the

future if the rightist Popular

Allianca, led by formar Interior Minister Manuel Fraga Iribar-ne, teams up with the centre-right UCD on important mea-

sures opposed by the leftwing parties. The Socialists have 118

meeting later to pick its me-mbers for the committee.

King Juan Carlos last Friday formally inaugurated tha new Cortes, the first to be elected by direct vote since

It had met in preliminary session earlier this month to

choose members of its commi-

ttees, but today was the first

actual session of the legisla-

ture which will be called upon

to write a new, democratic co-

nstitution to replace the auth-oritarian fundamental laws le-

ft by the late Gen. Franco,

Communists 20.

eats in the Congress and the

of the withdrawal.

MADRID, July 26 (R). — Spain's Socialists and Communists were defeated today in an attempt to win greater representation on a parliamentary committee that will decide the urgency of government bills.

The new Cortes held its first

working session and defeated the leftist opposition on the two procedural votes in the 350-member Congress (lower

The proposals would have ensured greater representation of Socialists and Communists on the committee, made up of four members each of the Congress and Senate, the pre-sidents of both houses and the president of the Cortes.

defeated by 169 votes to 140, while the Socialist plan was beaten 183 to 133.

The Communist proposal was

Members of Premier Adolfo Suarez' Centre Democratic Union (UCD), which with 166 seis the largest group in the

Californian accused of "soliciting to murder"

WESTMINISTER, California, July 26 (R). - A man accused desert to photograph them be-ing tortured and dismembered appeared in court here yester-

The prosecutor alleged that Mr. Fred Douglas, 48, owned a set of torture instruments "which would make the Marquis de Sade envious."

Mr. Douglas pleaded "not guilty" to charges of attempted murder and solicitation of murder. A further court hearing

was set for Aug. 3. The case has attracted widespread publicity following a scandal over so-called "snuff movies" in which it was alleged that a film sbown in a New York pornographic cinema was of a woman being murdered. The film's producers denied that the woman was really be-

ing killad. In the current case, police sain they found no movie equ-ipment in Mr. Douglas' possession, and they described photographic apparatus found in his van as "rather amateuri-

His attorney, Mr. Patrick Magers, said yesterday there was no solid evidence that Mr. Douglas intended to commit murdar when he was detained last Wednesday. He was arrested while taking two women police officers he thought to be prostitutes to a site near Death Valley for a pornographic photo-taking session.

Parliamentary body questions British military preparedness

LONDON, July 26 (R). — A British parliamentary comreserves. mittee today expressed concern about Britain's ability to rusb reinforcements to NATO's northern flank in Norway in the event of war.

A report by the all-party Committee on Expenditure also questioned the practice of taking troops from Britain's 55,000-strong Army of the Rhine for duty in Northarn

It said some 5,000 troops were now detached from West Germany to the troubled British province, impairing their operational readinesses and depleting the Rhine Army.

The current situation in Ulster offared little hope of bringing down this total, and should the units be needed in Germany they would leave behind a security problem, the

report addad. Tha committee expressed "apprehension" about Britain's NATO-linked strategy of assuming that any conflict will follow a period of rising political tansion, allowing time

The 100,000-word report said a number of authoritative sources, including U.S. senators, had spoken of "increasing sig-ns that the Warsaw Pact forces are enhancing their ability to mount a surprise attack."

But it did not pass judgment on this, saying that the committee's task was to assess Britain's ability to mobilise its forces, not to question the assumptions on which strategy was based.

The committee said that during a visit it paid to northern Norway, the question of rapid reinforcements "recurred again and again.

"Concern was expressed at tha reduced availability of craft suitable for landing troops and equipment. "We were left in absolutely

no doubt by all the officers. British and Norweglan, to whom we sooke, that unless reinforcements arrived during the warning period of political tension they would probably

to mobilise reinforcements and not get there at all," the report

Once tha conflict broke out thare was little chance of escorts being found for amphibious troop carriers, and Norwegian airfields would be a target for enemy missiles on the first day of hostilities, the report remarked.

to attempt opposad landings on the Norwegian coast would be hazardous in the extreme." The committee said Britain's stance was inflexible compared to some of its allies and this could limit its scope for transition from a short to a longer

"It need bardly be said that

The Defence Ministry had a set period of days -- the number was kapt secret -- in which it could complete reinforcement and mobilisation plans.

war.

The committee said it was hard to reconcile the ministry's assurances that this delay had been shortened in the last six years "with the cuts in capability in recent years, notably that of 50 per cent in the air transport force.

Muzorewa: Conference must decide franchise question

SALISBURY, July 26 (R). Bishop Abel Muzorewa most "moderata" of Rhode sia's leading black national ists, said today a round-table conference of black and white leaders should decide on the electoral franchise for a new constitution.

Bishop Muzorewa said in an interview with Reuters today that be believes in universal suffrage, but wo uld not insist that Premier Ian Smith's white minority government accept the point before a constitutional con

"I think it does not help us very much to continue to shout at each other about one-man, one-vote, the Methodist bishop said. "I have reached a point where I think that this must now be left to a round-table meeting. The discussions are the prime point."

Mr. Smith, who recently called on Aug. 31 general election to seek a fresh mandate from Rhodesia's present mainly-white electora-te, has declared bimself ready to accept a form of

black majority rule.

But he describes AngloAmerican proposals for universal suffrage as completely unacceptable, and wants the franchise based on educational and property qualification.

The deputies later elected two UCD members, ona Soci-Bishop Muzorewa leads the United African National Council (UNAC) which alist and a Catalan nationalist to the Legislative Urgency Coclaims the support of the vast majority of Rhodesia's The 248-member Senate was

He said today there has been no positive response to his proposal from any qua-

"If other people are as concerned - gravely con-cerned - as I and my party are, I believe there should be some responsa soon from other parties," be said. The situation in Rhodesia will be grave if there is no political settlement within the next six months, he

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Curfew lifted in Sri Lanka

* COLOMBO, July 26 (R). - A curfew, imposed in parts of Sn Lanka after post-election violence in which 34 people died was lifted today. Life returned to cormal. The curfew was ordered last Saturday - 48 hours after a general election which ousted Prime Minister Mrs. Sirimavo Bandaranaike. The state radio announced today that the curfew was over but sald that troops and police would intensify patrols throughout the island. A police spokesman said there had been no fresh violence looting or arson. Supporters of the three main political parties appeared to be equally involved in the post-election turmoil, the police spokes-

More Moslem Filipino rebels surrender

* MANILA, July 26 (R). - Nearly 1,300 Moslem rebels have surrendered to the government since a ceasefire in the southwest Philippines was agreed with the rebel Moro National Liberation Front (MNLF) six months ago, the Defance Department said today. In a statement on the situation in the south, where the ceasefire has been broken by occasional clashes, the department said government efforts to hring the area back to normal had led to the surrender of a few dissident groups, including 171 supportars of the Communist underground New People's Army. Yesterday the Southern Commander, Rear Admiral Romulo Espaldon, announced 235 MNLF members from the Moslem rebel stronghold on the Island of Sulu had surrendered. The Defence Department announced today the surrender of 90 more in the Sulu Island group. This brought total surrenders in six months

22 killed in Honduran plane crash

* TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras, July 26 (R). -- Twenty-two people were killed and 12 injured when a Honduras air force transport plane crashed vesterday on takeoff from the airport at Yoro. 150 kms. north of here, the air force announced. The air force DC3 was carrying 33 passengers to Tegucigalpa, the Honduran capital. First reports from the crash site, in coffee-growing country, had indicated there were no survivors. The air force said there were 36 people on board, including the three member crew. It did not indicate the fate of the two people not announced for in the toll of dead and injured.

PLO delegation arrives in Manila

* MANILA, July 26 (R). — A three-member delegation of the Palestine Liberation Organisation headed by Mr. Farouk Kaddouml, Director General of PLO's Political Department, arrived here today on the fourth leg of an Asian tour, the Foreign Office said. The delegation had earlier visited Indonesia, Singapore and Malaysia. The Aslan tour is to acquaint countries in the gion with the Palestinian viewpoint on the Middle East situstion, the Foreign Office said.

Greece, U.S. in joint armed exercises

* ATHENS, July 26 (R). - Greece and the United States have begun three days of joint manoeuvres in the southern Peloponnes the Defence Ministry annunced yesterday. The announcement denled opposition claims that it was part of a North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) exercise and said only Greek and American troops were taking part. Greece withdrew from NATO's military wing two years ago following the Turkish invasion of Cyprus.

Korean bribes indictments in September

* WASHINGTON, July 26 (R). — Prosecutions resulting from the U.S. government investigation of alleged South Korean influence. buying in Congress may begin in September, a congressional leader said yesterday. Representative Thomas (TIP) O'Neill, spenders of the House and the said yesterday. aker of the House, told reporters that senior White House officials had told bim the Justice Department would issue indictments in September. A report in the Los Angeles Times, had quo ted sources close to Mr. O'Neili as saying five former U.S. consressmen would soon face indictmants,

TRADITIONAL COMMUNION -- Rebei Catholie Archbishop Marcel Lefebvre, who is locked in a controversial battle with Pope Paul VI over the question of traditional church ritual which the archbishop wants maintained, gives Communion last Sunday to an elderly wowhich the arealous Mass at a hacienda near Buenos Aires. (AP wirephoto)